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That

DR. BELL'S
Pine-Tar-
Honey

contains the concentrated healing
virtues of oil and tar, and is
entirely free from all irritating
elements. It is a most effective
remedy for all skin diseases,
such as eczema, psoriasis, etc.,
and is also a most valuable
agent in the treatment of
coughs, colds, and all
respiratory troubles. It is
sold by all druggists and
grocers.

Delays are
Dangerous

When threatened with
a Cough, the old saying
"a stitch in time saves
nine." A 25c. bottle of
DR. OTTO'S
Spruce Gum
Balsam

will save you large
doctor bills, a long spell
of sickness and perhaps
your life. SO DELAY
NOT A MOMENT.
Pleasant to take. Price
25c. and 50c.

For Sale by
J. H. Druggists,
THE CARLISLE MED. CO.,
Evansville, Ind.

A LA BELLE JARDINIERE.
L. FRITSCH & SON,
FASHIONABLE

MERCHANT TAILORS

IMPORTER OF CLOTHS AND SUITINGS

321 Upper First Street,
EVANSVILLE, INDIANA.

The earliest solicits the patronage of his
Hopkins county friends

THE

Fifth Avenue Hotel,

LOUISVILLE, KY.,

Is the Only First-Class

\$2.00 Per Day Hotel

in the City.

COME AND SEE US.

PIKE CAMPBELL,

MANAGER.

60 YEARS'

EXPERIENCE

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culation of any scientific journal. Terms: \$3.00

per annum in advance. Single copies, 10 cents.

W. A. NISBET, President

W. W. WADDELL, Cashier

Hopkins County

BANK

MADISONVILLE, KY.

Capital Stock, - - \$50,000.

Transacts a general banking business,

and invites the accounts of the citizens of

Hopkins and adjoining counties.

Has the finest and most secure vault in

this section of Kentucky

Don't Use Drugs

unless you need them, and then only

use those that are sold by

responsible druggists. We keep only

the best. That is, the great dis-

tinction to be looked for when the

time comes that you need them.

Nowhere else will you find so com-

plete a stock. A good time to begin

that spring medicine.

ST. BERNARD DRUG STORE,

BYRON HOPPER, Manager.

PITTSBURGH'S BIG FIRE.

The Full Extent of the Horror Be-

ing Realized.

No Less Than Eleven Persons Dead, with
Twenty-Seven Missing and Eighteen In-
jured. Tell the Tale of the Horror
-ing \$1,000,000 Financial Loss.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Feb. 11.—Eleven peo-
ple dead, 27 missing and 18 injured
and property loss of \$1,000,000 with
\$1,000,000 insurance, is the awful
tale of the big fire Wednesday
night.

Following is a revised list of the
dead, injured and missing:

THE DEAD.

Police-Lieut. A. J. Berry.

John McLean.

Wm. Scott, Jr.

Stanley Stitz.

John Dwyer.

Geo. Loveless.

William Smith.

Albert A. Wolf.

Thomas Claffey.

William L. Wallenhausen and an
unknown, supposed to be John Scott,
the youngest son of the president of the
Chautauque Ice Co.

THE INJURED.

Robert Rossmore, single, aged 40
years, lieutenant of engine Co. 2; right
foot crushed. Amputated below the
knee at Homeopathic hospital. He was
also bruised about the body.

Owen K. Felder, aged 18, compound
fracture of the right leg.

George Douglas, aged 35 years, of
Bellevue; unconscious; thought to be
internally injured.

Owen Mulhan, married, aged 30
years, located scalp.

Wm. Fleming, aged 35 years, single;
contusion of body and scalp wound.

Joseph Healey, aged 55 years; of In-
dustry; injury about the head; not
fatal.

Robert Dobson, aged 35 years; badly
injured about the head and body.

Capt. J. A. Brown, superintendent of
the bureau of building inspection; right
leg cut and bruised.

Peter Malone, aged 29 years; slightly
injured about legs.

Davis Stewart, aged 32; badly cut
by falling bricks.

Wm. Desautels, aged 33 years; in-
jured about head and shoulders.

Charles Wilson, struck by falling
bricks and seriously hurt.

Police Officer Rodgers, cut and
bruised and injured internally.

Mrs. Mary Desautels, aged 33 years,
cut about head and arms and hurt in-
ternally.

Charles Simon, aged 29 years; trav-
eling salesman, of Cincinnati; badly
cut on head by a brick.

George King, engineer No. 7 engine
company; scalp wound and bruises.

John Hunter, No. 7 engine company;
bruised and both ankles sprained.

THE MISSING.

Geo. Newman, fire inspector of Phil-
adelphia; missing.

Wm. Duran.

Wm. Finch.

Edw. Donnell.

Christ Schriever.

James P. Morrison.

Prof. Jas. Moxam, organist Evangel-
ical Lutheran church, Harrison, Pa.

D. B. Weckerly.

John Gerry.

Geo. McDonald.

Jack Farley.

Samuel McLaughlin.

Jacob Booth and a party of four com-
panions, who were in a saloon on Penn
avenue when the wall crashed in.

Mrs. Mary McFadden, with her fam-
ily of eight children, are also sup-
posed to be under the fallen walls. They
lived in a house on Mulberry alley,
which was crushed. Nothing has been
seen of them since the explosion.

All day yesterday firemen, policemen
and other city employees worked at
the site of the disaster, but up to nine
o'clock last night little progress had
been made in the clearing away of the
debris. The work will be continued
without cessation until it is known
that no bodies remain buried.

BARON HICKEY'S SUICIDE.

The Baroness Notified—Can Not Account
for the Deed.

RIVERSIDE, Cal., Feb. 12.—The news
that Baron Hickey had committed sui-
cide at El Paso reached this city by a
private telegraph message to the bar-
oness, who is residing at her home
in Friction square, this city. The bar-
oness can give no reason that could
have caused her husband to take his
life. The couple had had no quarrels
and were exceedingly happy when he
died.

ENGAGED TO WED.

Princess Kaluhni and Prince David Ka-

halauna are to be married.

HONOLULU, Feb. 11.—The engagement is
announced of a marriage that has been
arranged between Prince David Ka-

halauna and Princess Kaluhni.

The ceremony will be performed at the
signature to certain deeds of family
settlement of Dowager Queen Kapiu-

lani.

Madam Dreyfus Seriously Ill.

LONDON, Feb. 11.—According to a
special dispatch from Paris, Mme.
Dreyfus is so seriously ill, owing to
worry, that she is unable to appear on
the witness stand in the Zola trial, and
in any case she refuses to furnish
any further testimony.

Judge Ryan Dead.

St. Louis, Feb. 11.—Judge Jeremiah
Ryan, one of the most prominent Irish
American citizens of St. Louis, died at
6 a. m., aged 58 years. Judge Ryan had
never been seriously ill in his life until
last December, when Bright's disease
developed.

James Miegie Hanged.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Feb. 12.—James
Miegie, who murdered the infant Dolie
Lisecio, and at the time made an at-
tempt on the life of the child's mother,
was hanged here.

With Drawn Pistol.

Paducah, Ky., Feb. 13.—Two
masked men entered the residence of
Mr. Alex. Torian at 3 o'clock
this morning and with drawn pis-
tols compelled his two daughters,
who were at home alone, to get up
and surrender all the money in the
house.

The "drys" won in the local op-
tion election at Livermore, Mc-
Lean county, by 86 to 34.

BURNED IN LYNN CANAL.

Terrible Fate of the Steamer Clara Nevada

and Forty Men.

VICTORIA, B. C., Feb. 13.—The steam-
er Clara Nevada, of Seattle, was burned
in Lynn canal, and 40 men were in-
jured. The cause is supposed to have per-
ished.

The Nevada left Stagnary for Janaua
on February 5, and when the steamer,
which arrived from Comox yesterday
morning, reached Janaua, the Nevada
had not arrived there. The day that
she should have reached Janaua fire
was seen on the waters of the canal
and the opinion is general that the
flames were from a burning steamer.

Whether the passengers and crew
reached land or whether they perished
is not known. It is feared that they
met with death, as there has been a
terrible wind and snowstorm in the
mouth and small boats could hardly
live.

Capt. Irving, of the steamer, reports
that the weather has been terrific.

MAYOR OF KEOKUK FINED.

He Had "Thumped" an Important Op-
erative.

KEOKUK, Ia., Feb. 12.—Mayor Joseph
L. Root voluntarily pleaded guilty to
assaulting L. A. Johnson, in the su-
perior court, and was fined \$10
and costs. Johnson was formerly
junior of the federal building.

Johnson was arrested by Root under
this administration, despite Con-
gressman Clark's and Postmaster Hink's
opposition, through the influence of his
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The Bee

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Incorporated.
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One Year, strictly in advance, \$1.00
Six Months, " " " .60
Three Months, " " " .35
Single Copies, " " " 5c
Specimen copies mailed free on application.
Correspondents wanted in all parts of the country. Address us for particulars.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 17, 1893.

WHEAT advanced two cents in Chicago yesterday.

The possibility of growing sugar beets in Kentucky soils is to be fully tested at the Kentucky State College Experimental Station.

MISS FRANCIS WILLARD, the famous leader of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union, is reported hopelessly ill at a New York hotel.

News comes that Dr. Hunter and family are very much pleased with the climate and country of Guatemala, and anticipate a very pleasant four-years' residence.

MR. C. M. BARNETT, State Chairman of the Republican Committee has secured the appointment as Surveyor of the Port for Louisville. The salary is \$5,000 a year.

Under the Dingley law our treasury receipts are now a million dollars a day. Next month wool and sugar imports will increase the receipts sufficiently to meet the government's running expenses.

TREASURY statistics show a net increase of circulation during the month of January of \$8,890,588. The total volume of money in circulation February 1st was \$1,729,991,228, an increase of over \$26,000,000 as compared with a year ago.

Not content with raiding everything else our present Legislature is trying to raid nature itself. The House has passed a bill that will permit the unrestricted destruction of our fish by permitting their being taken in any manner at any time except between March 15 and May 15 of each year.

MR. JOE A. QUINN, of Henderson, enjoys the unusual distinction of having seen his own funeral notices, and read his obituary. He was reported to have died at Dawson and his family and friends made all arrangements for his last sad rites even to digging the grave. It is not stated positively whether his resuscitation is due to the health-giving qualities of the waters of Dawson Springs.

POPULIST leaders are as much opposed to the Goebel election law as anybody and are fighting it. But what do the Democratic leaders care? They have lately profited by the Populists allowing themselves to be swallowed up and now propose to force a law which will give them full control of the polls to the disfranchisement of their allies, the Populists, as well as the Republicans. The Populists of Louisville have denounced the measure as "dangerous in the extreme and destructive of free government," and called upon the Populist representatives in the General Assembly to oppose the measure with all their might.

The official figures show that the sales of our agricultural products abroad for 1897 give a black eye to the recent Democratic assertions that the adoption of a protective tariff would "destroy our foreign markets." They amounted to \$730,323,514, and this is the largest sum ever realized by our farmers from the sales of their products in other countries. Under President Harrison's administration in 1892, exportations of farm products amounted to \$712,539,832. This was the largest amount for any previous year. Under the free-trade administration of President Cleveland there was a steady decrease in agricultural exports until 1895 in which year the amount was only \$545,715,881.

The McChord bill, practically confiscating the railroad property of the State, passed the House Monday by a vote of 64 to 22. Only one Republican, Wheeler of Johnson county, voted for it, while five Democrats were opposed to it. This most vicious bill now goes to the Governor. There also will go to him strong protests from many of Kentucky's citizens and there can be but one result—a veto.

This bill is the result of the teachings of the advocates of dishonest money—the logical carrying out of the Chicago platform. Never before in the history of this great State has the majority of the

Legislature been so regardless of the rights of the people and of the rights of property. One of the first acts of this Legislature was to practically repeal the mob law, passed at the last session, thus endorsing the midnight raiders of the toll-gates. Now, in broad daylight, the railroads are raided, and confiscated—and this in Kentucky!

It begins to look as if a man of the necessary political stripe who covets any particular piece of property in the Commonwealth might acquire such property with the least labor through courteous action of the present Legislature, which is developing such prudence to do with neatness and dispatch anything for partisan profit. The iniquitous Goebel election bill, which, if it becomes a law, will place our elections in the hands of a few men and centralize their control in three rabid leaders of the free silver democratic party, progresses rapidly. The McChord Railroad Commission bill, which places the railroads of the State and their business and property at the mercy of three Railroad Commissioners has passed both Senate and House. A bill is up which proposes to arrange bills of fare and accommodations of hotels in Kentucky and fix maximum charges for accommodations and service, which may not be exceeded. These chivalrous legislators might fix the price of mint julep and establish it as the official drink of Kentuckians, especially of members of the General Assembly.

Warning Against Small-Pox.

To the Health Officials, Physicians and People of Kentucky:

Small-pox is now widespread in Eastern Tennessee, North Carolina, Southwestern Virginia and Northern Alabama, and several cases exist in Middleboro and near Jellico in this State. The epidemic appears to have originated in Mobile last summer and to have been gradually extending northward since. It is chiefly prevalent amongst the negro population and manifests an unusual tendency everywhere to break over official control and assume an epidemic form.

This Board, therefore, feels that it is its duty to warn the people that prompt action may prevent its further spread in this State. Fortunately prevention is as certain and safe as it is cheap and easy. Vaccination and re-vaccination, properly done, with reliable virus, is a certain preventive and is entirely free from danger. This is the conclusion of the health officers of the world after years of patient investigations, and is now an accepted truth in preventive medicine. Notwithstanding these facts, one-third of the people of Kentucky have never availed themselves of this protection. Our people should not wait for orders from boards of health in the presence of an epidemic to force them to an evident duty. Every citizen should see to it that not only himself but everyone for whom he is responsible is vaccinated at once. No child should be admitted to any public or private school who has not been vaccinated, and all factories, railroads and mines should make the same requirement. This is especially important in view of the threatened danger.

The operation should be done by a competent physician, under proper aseptic precautions, and he should see the person vaccinated from time to time so the result may be certain. Imperfect vaccination gives a false and often fatal sense of security. Reliable virus can be obtained from the National Vaccine Farm, Washington, D. C., or their agents, the Henry Pharmacal Company, Louisville, Ky.

In addition it is urgently requested that all boards of health perfect their organization at once, if they have not done so, and take every precaution to prevent the entrance of the disease into their jurisdictions, or, failing in this, be ready to stamp it out by strictly isolating the first case, and vaccinating and re-vaccinating every person exposed to it. All funerals should be strictly private.

This Board holds itself ready to give any assistance in its power at any time.

By order of the Board:
J. M. MATTHEWS, M. D., Pres.
J. N. MCCORMACK, M. D., Sec'y.

PETTIT OPPOSES GOEBEL BILL.

The Populist Leader Says the Measure is Revolutionary and Ought to Meet Defeat.

Owensboro, Ky., Feb. 15.—The Hon. Thomas S. Pettit, who is the acknowledged leader of the Populists in the State, when asked for the opinion of the Goebel bill now pending in the Kentucky Legislature, said he had not had time to read it carefully, but on a casual perusal it appeared to him to be revolutionary in the extreme. He said: "It deprives counties of local self-government, and will return to plague the party fathering the bill. It is contrary to Democratic principles, and on the whole is a most unwise measure."

In concluding his remarks Mr. Pettit said, with a determined twinkle of his sharp black eyes: "It is partisanship gone to seed and ought to be defeated by all means."

Are you a subscriber to THE BEE? You should be.

MAINE BLOWN UP

United States Battleship Destroyed in Havana Harbor.

One Hundred or More of the Crew Killed and Many Wounded.

Captain Sigsbee's Statement—Cause Unknown.

HAVANA, Feb. 15.—At a quarter of 10 o'clock this evening a terrible explosion took place on board the U. S. cruiser Maine in Havana harbor. Many are killed or wounded. All the boats of the Spanish cruiser Alfonso XIII, are assisting. As yet the cause of the explosion is not apparent.

The wounded sailors of the Maine are unable to explain it. It is believed that the cruiser is totally destroyed.

ONE HUNDRED KILLED.

HAVANA, Feb. 16, 2 a. m.—By a miracle, Capt. Sigsbee and most of the officers of the Maine were taken off in safety, but 100 of the crew at least were killed. Many of the survivors were taken off by the boats of the Spanish cruiser Alfonso XIII.

At this moment the hull of the ship is burning, the flames illuminating the harbor and making a striking scene for the thousands gathered on the water front.

It is apparent to the observers on shore that the vessel is sinking rapidly to the bottom of the bay.

CAPT. SIGSBEE'S REPORT.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 16.—The Secretary of the Navy received the following telegram from Capt. Sigsbee:

"Maine Blown up in Havana harbor at 9:40 and destroyed. Many wounded and doubtless many killed and drowned. Wounded and others are on board the Spanish man-of-war and Ward line steamer. Send highhouse tender from Key West for crew and the few pieces of equipment still above water. No one had other clothes than those upon him. 'Public opinion should be suspended till further report. All officers are believed to be saved. Jenkins and Merritt are not yet accounted for. Many Spanish officers, including representatives of Gen. Blanco, are now with me and express sympathy.'"
(Signed) "SIGSBEE."

PROSPERITY ADVANCING.

Splendid Revival of Business Exhibited by Commercial Statistics.

New York Commercial Advertiser.

Enemies of sound money and protection would no doubt like to believe that events were fulfilling their predictions of woe and disaster, but evidence of increasing activity in industry and trade is too palpable to be talked down or denied. For 1897 bank clearings show a gain of \$6,000,000,000, or about 12 per cent., over 1896, with the volume of clearings at present advancing at still greater rate. Two hundred railroads, representing 150,000 miles of track, report for 1897 increased earnings of nearly \$60,000,000 over 1896, and in the same period only eighteen roads, representing 1,500 miles of track, went into the hands of receivers, against thirty four roads, representing 5,500 miles of track, for the preceding year. There were not only 2,000 less commercial failures in 1897 than 1896, but the aggregate liabilities were \$90,000,000 less. The total output of pig iron last year, although the largest on record for this country, promises to be exceeded during the current year, while the demand, both at home and abroad, for steel rails, locomotives and other finished products is steadily widening. The one gloomy feature of the situation is the cotton manufacturing industry, but depression in that industry is confined principally to New England. In the South all cotton mills are running full time and some of them over-time.

There is nothing fictitious about these proofs of reviving business. They are evidence that money is again flowing into productive enterprises; that capital and credit, under assurance that the gold standard is to be unflinchingly maintained, are recovering from the shock they sustained by the menace of Bryanism; that industry, released by the Dingley Tariff from fear of unequal foreign competition, is taking on new activity and that the demand for labor is steadily expanding.

Soldiers May be Withdrawn. Danville, Ky., Feb. 14.—It is reported upon good authority that Gov. Bradley will this week remove the soldiers on guard at the Stanford toll-gate, near Danville, and endeavor to force the county officials to furnish men to protect the property.

Assaulted a Preacher With Rocks. Hartford, Ky., Feb. 14.—The Rev. William Bowlin, of Beaver Dam, was assaulted yesterday by Bill Baltzell, a miner. It seems to be revolutionary in the extreme. He said: "It deprives counties of local self-government, and will return to plague the party fathering the bill. It is contrary to Democratic principles, and on the whole is a most unwise measure."

In concluding his remarks Mr. Pettit said, with a determined twinkle of his sharp black eyes: "It is partisanship gone to seed and ought to be defeated by all means."

Fast Run on the Erie.

Buffalo, N. Y., Feb. 13.—New York to Buffalo, 425 miles, in 426 minutes' actual running time, was the record made over the Erie railroad to-day by a special newspaper train.

Always Delicate

Child Was Nervous and Irritable and Had No Appetite.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Has Changed All This—Scrofula Cured.

"Hood's Sarsaparilla has had a wonderful effect on my little daughter. She is five years old and has been very delicate all her life. She was nervous and irritable and had no appetite. A large tumor would appear on her neck every few weeks and then would disappear, leaving her very weak. We concluded to give her Hood's Sarsaparilla. At that time there was a lump on her neck. When she had taken one bottle it had disappeared altogether and she seemed like a different child. Instead of being cross and fretful she goes about laughing and singing as merrily as any child. We are very grateful for Hood's Sarsaparilla." Mrs. JENNIE GAMBER, Bardonia, Kentucky.

Hood's Sarsaparilla is the best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier. Sold by all druggists. 41c; six for \$5.

Hood's Pills are sold harmoniously with Hood's Sarsaparilla, 25c.

OPPOSITION

Developing Against the Iniquitous Goebel Election Law.

Petition of 15,000 Railroad Employees Against McChord Bill Disregarded.

OTHER FRANKFORT NEWS.

Frankfort, Ky., Feb. 12.—Mr. Perkins' bill to change the punishment from a penitentiary to a jail sentence for hog stealing was killed in the House this morning.

Opposition to Senator Goebel's election bill is developing in the House. There is talk that some Democrats would not now go into a caucus on the bill.

The fight on the Orr tobacco bill before the Senate Judiciary Committee was resumed again yesterday afternoon. The committee decided to report a substitute for the bill by 5 to 2. The tobacco people much prefer the substitute to the House bill. Mr. Orr says the substitute will have a tendency to break up the tobacco exchange and force an open market.

Representative Moore has received a protest against changing the name of Carlisle to Bryan county.

The Senate passed nine bills to-day, three of which have been passed by the House and will now go to the Governor. These three last are the bill providing a penalty for failure of County School Superintendents to inform county schools as to the manner of holding examinations and sending pupils to the State A. and M. College; the bill relating to testimony of convicts, and the bill to include Crab Orchard Springs in the town of Crab Orchard.

The Mallory Fish bill this morning passed the House by a vote of 61 to 8. By its fishing except by hook and line is prohibited between March 15 and May 15. Except during that period any kind of fishing or seining is permitted. Under the present law seining is unlawful but the hook and line may be used at any time.

Frankfort, Ky., Feb. 14.—The rules were suspended and the committee reported the constitutional amendment calling for a vote of the people to change the constitution so as to authorize the Legislature to remove the State capital. The bill was advanced.

The McChord bill, which places in the Railroad Commissioners the power and authority to make freight rates, passed the house to-day by a vote of 64 to 22, in its original form, the amendment all being voted down. This bill had already passed the Senate. Mr. Carlton sent up a petition with the names of 15,000 railroad employees of his district asking that the bill be defeated, but the prayers of these employees had no effect with the free silver and free riot members of the Kentucky House and the bill passed.

Frankfort, Ky., Feb. 15.—Messrs. Orr, Holbush and other Democratic opponents of the Goebel bill denounced the editorial in the Dispatch this morning as unfair and misleading. They say Democrats who oppose the bill do so from principle, and the intimation that they are actuated by impure motives and are enemies of the Democratic party, they say, unhesitatingly, is false.

The Governor today refused to pardon Gordon Morgan, of Webster County, charged with house-breaking.

It is said that Governor Bradley will veto the McChord freight rate bill. The bill received only eighteen votes in the Senate. It will take twenty to pass it over the veto. If the bill becomes a law it will do so by a very close finish.

The report of the joint committee, which visited the asylums shows institutions in good shape, and recommends that the perpetuities remain unchanged. The \$30,000 appropriation is recommended for improvements at the Lexington asylum.

Communism in the Kentucky Legislature. Louisville Commercial.

Communism is rampant in the Kentucky Legislature. Its power

has been turned into clubs to assault business enterprises and energies. Its whole force is directed toward the accomplishment of despotic political ends. All its activities are exerted for vicious legislation. It is an organization of disaster, a breeder of anarchy.

Copious extracts from the daily newspapers and the trade journals have told of the growth of industries in the Southern States and of fresh energies employed to utilize the great resources of the country on the sunny side of the Ohio river. Kentucky is in the line of progress but it is working against heavy odds. A hundred and thirty-eight obstructionists, in the pay of the public, and employed to do the public good, have turned time and energy toward private or political schemes and intrigues. The men who are taking the leading parts in Kentucky Legislature seem to be organized to attack everything that is showing or promising financial success. Not a bill looking to public concern has yet received attention by them.

Head and front of the incendiary propositions now occupying the time and attention of the Legislature is Senator Goebel's force election bill for Kentucky. It means to create a law that will perpetuate the power of the men who are now pushing communistic measures into the statute books of the State. The bill is an audacious plan to forever hold control of the offices. It opens the way for wholesale frauds on election day and a count that will suit the designs of the sand-baggers in authority. It means that an election will be no election in fact, and that the machine set up by the State Legislature will conduct things with a high hand, and with wide sweeping methods of corruption. It will completely Mexicanize our elections and make the ballot box a mockery.

The McChord Bill to regulate railroads in Kentucky is a deadly weapon to be put in the hands of official highwaymen. It proposes that a commission consisting of three men will have absolute control of the business of all the railroads of the State, and these three commissioners, who may be obedient to political pulls, will be men who know the least about railroad business, the true relations between these corporations and the public, and who will have the power to make the most wide-sweeping and dangerous orders. This bill puts a most dangerous power into the hands of a few men and leaves no recourse for those who may be greatly wronged by it. It will ruin any railroad that the proposed autocratic commission may care to attack, and it will leave the public at the mercy of the same authority.

In line with the McChord bill and quite as confiscatory is Senator Goebel's fellow-servants' bill. It proposes to make railroad corporations responsible for the wrongful act of a person who is working in the same line as the man who is injured or killed. If this law which is made only to apply to railroads, were applied to all other corporations, there would be instant opposition all over the State. Heretofore the law only held employers responsible for those things which they were able to foresee and prevent, but never have they been held responsible for the unforeseen and unforeseeable acts of men who are working together. This measure, if it becomes a law, will make every railroad company the absolute insurer of the lives and limbs of those whom they employ.

Coming along in the same class is a measure wide and sweeping in its assault on the banking institutions of the State. The bill provides that the charters of all State banks granted since February 14, 1862, which do not accept the constitution before July 1 next shall stand repealed. It takes no notice of a test case now pending in the Supreme Court relative to this question, and grants no time for a legal decision.

As the climax to all the legislative attacks on private property appears a bill introduced by Mr. Charlton, of this city, to regulate the hotels, boarding-houses and restaurants in the towns and cities of the State, appoints a commission, who shall tell the proprietors not only what they shall charge for

board and bedding, but what they shall prepare for each meal, and how long the bill of fare shall be in operation without change of diet.

HOPKINSVILLE.

Visit of the Legislative Committee to the Asylum.

Other News of Special Interest to Town and County.

Hopkinsville, Ky., Feb. 16.—At 6:30 o'clock Thursday morning Feb. 10, Mr. John Mayson died at his residence in this city after an illness of many months which has for some time been looked upon as fatal. The malady that carried him off was Bright's disease, and for several months he has been confined to his bed most of the time. Mr. Mayson was Hopkinsville's oldest merchant. He came here in 1865. After some other business connections he began business for himself in 1897 and has been very successful, having accumulated a fortune.

Mr. Mayson's father was a native of France and a soldier and officer under Napoleon at Moscow and Waterloo. He died of a member of the Masons, Odd Fellows, Knights of Pythias and other orders. He was a public spirited business man, being an organizer and a director in the First National Bank, and interested in other institutions. Mrs. Mayson and a son and daughter, Mr. Max J. Mayson and Mrs. Fannie Elb, survive. The body was interred in the Jewish Cemetery Friday afternoon, with Masonic honors.

Rabbi Isadore Lewenthal, of Nashville, conducted the service.

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The Hopkinsville New Era denies a report regarding Christian county's representatives. "Dr. Andrew Sargent, who was in the city yesterday with the Republican on Charitable Institutions, stated to a New Era Reporter that the report published in several local papers that he would locate in Lexington is absolutely without foundation."

T. B. Walker has been appointed postmaster at Ax, this county.

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The Committee on Charitable Institutions have paid their visit to the Western Kentucky Asylum and report themselves as well pleased with the condition of affairs under Superintendent T. W. Gardiner's management.

The party consisted of Senators L. H. Carter, J. J. Johnson, T. R. Welsh and W. O. Jones, and Representatives Jno. T. (Fulton), W. H. Ragland, Geo. H. Bishop, B. W. Bradburn, W. W. Combs, J. F. Hawell, Andrew Sargent, J. C. Cantrell, J. L. Layney, John W. H. Chilton. In the party also was Sergeant-at-Arms Haley, Mrs. L. H. Carter and Mrs. Andrew Sargent.

The same Friday morning, a reception committee met the visitors at the station and escorted them to the Asylum, where they were entertained at dinner by the Superintendent. The party returned to Frankfort the same evening.

The discovery that the School Board of this city has for years been paid more than their proper share of the public revenues will necessitate the transfer from the School Board to the City of perhaps \$10,000 surplus that has been retained as a building fund by that board. The amount overpaid for school purposes is not known, but it is thought to have been some \$10,000 or more per year. Instead of 40 cents on the \$1.00, there has been, by mistake, paid for the support of Hopkinsville's white Public Schools, 40 per cent of the \$1.00 collections of \$1.50 and \$1.00 and poll tax of \$3.50. This has given the school food about half as much more than its due, the School Board has had more money than necessary, and has accumulated a large surplus. The matter will be easily adjusted, and the mistake could not have been made in favor of a more worthy cause.

Dr. Otto's Spruce Gum Balsam—the most pleasant and reliable remedy for coughs, colds, croup, and all soreness of the throat, chest and lungs. Large bottles, 25c and 50c.

Ax Jottings.

Our farmers are burning plant beds. If nothing happens there will be a large acreage of tobacco set throughout the neighborhood this year.

The prayer meeting convened at Thos. H. Walker's last Monday night with a large attendance and was conducted by Rev. R. C. Ramey, a Baptist divine. This prayer meeting has met every week at the homes of our people for twenty years. Sometimes the meeting would seem to lag, and again it would revive. Dear brothers and sisters, don't give up in despair, for a member there is a crown for the faithful.

Rev. B. F. Sheffer, preacher in charge of the Wallonia circuit, will preach next Saturday and Sunday, at Cave Springs church. Everybody is invited. Rev. Sheffer is a fine sermonizer.

There are still cheap goods at T. B. Walker's store. Coffee, six, seven and nine pounds to the dollar.

Shoes going at cost, closing out for spring shoes. Come one, come all.

May luck and prosperity crown THE BEE with success, is the wish of SALAMAGUNDI.

MORTONS GAP.

Mr. Jesse Bony, of White Plains, was here on business Tuesday.

Several of our good people attended court at Madisonville. Tuesday.

Ben T. Robinson and G. Browning were in Earlinton one day last week.

Miss Fannie Bishop and sister, of Madisonville, are visiting friends and relatives in the city.

Mr. Will Kimmons took the ball at Crofton Monday night.

L. D. Smith was in Madisonville Monday.

Rev. Robert Smith, of Rockport, is carrying on a series of meetings here. Large crowds attend each service, and there seems to be more interest manifested than at any meeting held here for several years. The preacher is a good talker, presents his subjects in a clear and easy style and seems to carry conviction to his hearers.

We wish and predict for him a grand meeting which will prove of lasting benefit to the community.

Our Sunday school seems to be on the increase for which we feel very thankful. We would be more than grateful if we could arouse the interest in this work that

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**WE HAVE SPARED
NO EXPENSE**



To make our Funeral
Equipment the best in
this part of the State.
Anything and every-
thing you want in livery

**PRICES ALWAYS
THE LOWEST.**

BARNETT & ARNOLD.

EARLINGTON, KY.

10. "I say unto you," "Go ye, neither gold nor silver nor brass in your purses." In Isa. vi, 8, the question is, "Whom shall I send and who will go for us?" If any one will go for the Lord's business, he must go for the Lord's business and wholly in their interests, they must rely upon "Phyl. vi, 19, being made true to them, 'My God shall supply all my need according to his riches in glory by Christ Jesus.' Or, as one has paraphrased it, 'Make thou His service thy care.' He'll make thy wants His care."

11. "And unto whatsoever city or town ye shall go, say ye, 'Peace be to thee.' And there abide till ye go thence." The prophets were plainly taught that not all would receive their message, but that some would. Hence, they were to proclaim it (II Cor. ii, 14, 15; I Th. ii, 15; I Pet. ii, 11, 6, 7; III, 7). In the second section of our present chapter, and in John xv, 18-20, we are taught to expect the same thing. "Ye shall be hated of all men, because ye shall come into the world, and also us for His sake. We will direct our steps in this matter also, and if some day He wants us to have fellowship with them, they will be refused. His grace will be sufficient."

12, 13. "And when ye come into an house, salute it. And if the house be worthy let your peace be there: if it be not worthy, let your peace return to you." Even Israel was not to fight against a city until that city had rejected their offers of peace (Deut. xix, 10-12). Every believer is to appoint himself a messenger of the Prince of Peace, and, like the angels at His birth, to go forth and also to be so proclaimed to (Luke II, 14). Preaching peace by Jesus Christ is our work (Acts x, 36), for He has made peace by the blood of a cross (Col. ii, 14) and so the angels proclaimed His beautiful as the feet of such. But there are many who know not these things (Matt. x, 1; Acts x, 7; II, 8).

14. "And whosoever will not receive you nor hear your words, when ye depart out of that house or city, shake off the dust of your feet." This is applied to the Jews (Acts xvi, 27; III, 6), and denotes that God was glorified, as He always will be if the messenger is faithful, whether men will or not (I Cor. ii, 15, 16). The messenger is responsible for the faithfulness of his message, and the one who sends him is the one who will attend to the way the message is treated. (See 40 says that as they trust the Lord's messenger, they trust the Lord Himself (I Cor. ii, 15; I Th. ii, 10).

15. "Verily I say unto you, it shall be more tolerable for the land of Sodom and Gomorrah in the day of judgment, than for that city." By comparing chapter x, 22, 24, have we not a right to conclude that it may be more tolerable for the heathen than for the Jews? And for those in so-called Christian lands who have heard but have not received Him.

We Make Them Clumsy.

"Perhaps the most humiliating incident to Englishmen in the invasion of this market by Americans is the trade just begun in golf clubs," says London correspondent of the New York Sun. "An agent of an American house came here a few days ago and had no difficulty in obtaining orders for 8,000 clubs from the largest dealers in golf goods in Scotland and England. The reason is that the American clubs are better made and finished than the English at anything like the same price. The reason why Americans can underbid the British makers is that improved machinery and advanced methods of manufacture are used in America."

CHRISTIAN ENDEAVOR.

Hopic For the Week Beginning Feb. 13.
Comment by Rev. S. H. Hoyle.

Topic.—Called to what? How?—Jan. vi, 1-8; Mark, 1, 16-20.

We have heard in the topical references the stories of the calling of Isaiah and of Andrew, Peter, James and John. In the career that Kluz Uziahz held Isaiah had a wonderful ecstatic vision of God on His throne, with the angels about it constantly exclaiming: "Holy, holy, holy, is the Lord of Hosts. The whole earth is full of His glory." Amid such surroundings Isaiah "feels his own unworthiness to stand in the presence of the Lord, for I am unclean." An angel symbolically purifies him, and he hears the voice of the Lord, saying, "Whom shall I send, and who will go for us?" And without hesitation he accepted the commission, saying: "Here am I, send me."

As Jesus was walking along the shore of the Gallilee Sea He saw Peter and Andrew casting a net into the sea, and said, "Come ye after Me, and I will make you to become fishers of men." He called them to leave their nets and followed Him. He also called James and John as they were fixing their nets, and they left all and followed Him. We may learn:

1. God calls Christians to definite, specific service for His Kingdom. We are called to salvation. These men were already servants of God. They were called to definite, specific service of those who had already consecrated themselves to God. Isaiah was called to perform some particular service for God. The apostles were called to preach the Gospel to the "fishers of men." They were called to become the associates of the Master while upon earth so that they would be equipped to carry forward His work when He Himself was gone. God calls Christians to service. It is not enough to be saved. After we are saved we must work out our own salvation with fear and trembling. We work not to be saved, but because we are saved. God has a definite specific service for each servant of His to do, and we must be called to it. Christ said to each of us:
2. God calls men to service in different ways. There is a vast difference between the call of Isaiah and that of the apostles. In the one case there is the wonderful ecstatic vision and under the dramatic call, "Whom shall I send?" and the response, "Here am I; send me," in the other instance, as men are called in the ordinary duties of life, Jesus quietly says, "Follow Me," and He calls us to follow Him.

God calls men in different ways, and it is He who calls us. If it is not with the same voice by which another has been called, we are not to fail to fear God in it. Every call to duty, to service, is a call from God, no matter how it comes. Let us imitate the calls of Isaiah and the apostles in their prompt and faithful responses.

Bible References.—Gen. vi, 1; Judg. 6, 8; xiviii, 10-22; Ex. iii, 1, 4; xii, 4, 11-14; Prov. i, 20-38; John. i, 1-10; Acts. ix, 1-19; 1 Cor. x, 1-17; 1 Math. 22, 28; Luke v, 1-11; Jer. i, 8-11; Acts ix, 1-9; xii, 1-4.

MAIL-BOX INCREASES.

Middlesborough Threatened With a Serious Scourge.

Middlesborough, Ky., Feb. 14.—Seven new cases of small pox is the total number of discoveries to date. This makes the total number of cases in Middlesborough twenty-seven. Three of the cases discovered today are among the children. Eighteen of the cases are in the pest-house, which is too small to accommodate more than that number and the balance are quarantined in various parts of the city under police surveillance. All the local physicians have been kept busy all day vaccinating and that branch of work has just fairly be-

Subscribe for THE BEE.

general merchandise stores along with their milchings, concern, and, at the same time, a crop of, sold to our Mexican employees hays for twenty cents a pound.

"What are the conditions to-day? We still hire 300 men and give them exactly the same scale of wages that they obtained prior to the slump in silver caused by the repeal of the purchasing clause of the Sherman act. Our pay-roll still aggregates \$10,000 a month. To meet this we have shipped us a ton like sum of the United States money, and here is where the difference comes in. Instead of exchanging that amount at our bank for its nominal equivalent we get for it only \$10,000, but \$25,000 of Mexican money. We have here made a clear gain of \$15,000. Our employees still render us 100 cents' worth of work, for which they are asked to get 100 cents, and do yet as far as the name goes, but in reality they receive less than half of what should be theirs, seeing that the Mexican coin in which they are paid has shrunk to less than half of its former value.

"But there is more still. When the Mexican miner goes to buy bread he finds that in tendering payment he cannot buy it with devaluated money for 20 cents a pound; the price now is 45 cents. It would still be so if he could tender his dollar at the given value in for his labor at the time of the repeal of the Sherman law. The 12,000 I spoke of simply comes out of the labor of the country, and when the tiling class of any nation is forced to such a condition it is stretching a point to call the people prosperous. If the fair and right thing were done by these hard-working miners their wages could be doubled. The man that gets \$2 a day is justly entitled to \$4, but labor will bring only what price is fixed in market, like any commodity, and employers are not yet far enough advanced in philanthropy to voluntarily give more than the customary rate.

"So the tale of the prosperity of Mexico in so far as it applies to the vast body of its citizens—the common people—is a myth. If there is prosperity at all it is not due to the silver standard, but in spite of it."

Beauty of the Kentucky Pike.

from Good Roads.

Nothing could well be more charming than the Kentucky pikes, as described by *Bicycling World*. The roadbeds are raised about two feet from the earth, and the surface is made smooth. Violets and clover make their homes near the wagon tracks and, when in blossom the ways are attractive indeed. Blue grass grows to the right and to the left, while billowy fields of grain make the landscapes indescribably beautiful. Painted houses with cupolas are scattered here and there. The aroma of bourbon, mingled with the fragrant fields of mint, fills the lungs of the traveler and gives him a feeling of ecstasy. The crooks, with their crystal glasses babbling over cracked rock, make music which delights the ear. The sky is blue to the eye, the sun soft to the skin, and songs from the yellow throats of the thrush and mocking bird thrill the soul.

A Tippy Pair.

"Jack and Jill went down the hill,"
"And, on the downward track,
Fulmany a fine his course began
With a gill of apple-jack."
—L. W. Builette.

EDWARD BOK TO LECTURE.

The Popular Young Editor To
Come South to Meet South-
ern People.

Edward Bok, the famous young editor of *Ladies' Home Journal*, has finally been persuaded to appear on the lecture platform, and he will make his debut as a lecturer in the South next October. He will lecture in twenty of the principal cities and in a few of the neighboring Western States. The title of his lecture will be "To What Success?" the most interesting subject he could have chosen to talk about. Mr. Bok is, perhaps the most successful and popular young man in America. Women read him as they do no other writer, and it may be confidently said that around the personality of no other man in America is there a greater interest and curiosity on the part of thousands of women than centres on him. The women will not be disappointed in him, as in looks and manners, Mr. Bok possesses all the qualities which they like. He is as popular personally with women as are his writings. Up to this time he has declined the most flattering terms to lecture, but last week the Southern Literary Bureau, of Louisville, succeeded in closing a contract with the Philadelphia editor. Mr. Bok has chosen the Southern field entirely because he wishes to acquaint himself with the South and its people, and has stipulated that his lecturing tour shall be so arranged as to allow him time for social engagements and observation. He will not speak more than three times each week, and will spend seven weeks in the South.

WANTED—TRUSTWORTHY AND ACTIVE gentlemen or ladies to travel for responsible, established house in Kentucky. Monthly salary and expenses. Position steady. References. Envelope self-addressed stamped envelope containing name and address of the person to whom the Danish Consul, Dept. K., Chicago.

Our Colored Citizens.

All communications and matters of news pertaining to this column should be addressed to
Geo. Alexander, Burlington, Ky.

Mr. and Mrs. Melton Stone of Crabtree re visiting here.

Rev. T. H. Merriweather preached at A. M. E. Zion church Sunday.

Rev. Gold preached at the Baptist church Sunday.

Wm. Gibson is yet sick.

Miss Ella Alexander is visiting at Greenville this week.

Saint Merriweather and Miss Bennie Smith will be married tonight at the Baptist church.

Mrs. Waudley, the Hopkinsville agent is here Sunday.

The band boys have moved, Come out to the Club tonight.

The Christian Endeavor elected new officers Sunday night.

P. Duncan is on the sick list.

The band boys of Madisonville will give band on the 25th.

Rev. G. B. Walker is at Evansville.

The Morions Gap boys seem to like Madisonville.

MORTONS GAP.

Mrs. Clemons is a'll Improving.

Rev. D. G. Grady filled the pulpit here Sunday.

Mrs. Lizzie Souleahery, of Greenville, as the guest of Mrs. B. H. Hall last week.

Mrs. Beattie McNary, of Madisonville, is visiting Mrs. Clemons.

Mrs. McCowan, of Greenville, is visiting Mrs. Hamilton this week.

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